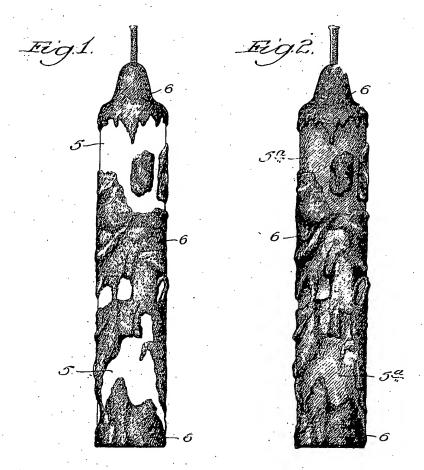
J. E. BRINKER AND C. P. McNEIL.

ORNAMENTED CANDLE.

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UNITED STATES PATE

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ORNAMENTED CANDLE.

Application filed July 20, 1921. Serial No. 486,046.

vented a new and useful Improvement in Ornamented Candles, of which the following is a specification.

10 ufacture of ornamented candles and will be drawings, in which:

Fig. 1 is an elevation in the initial stage

15 of the ornamenting method, and Fig. 2 is an elevation of the ornamented

the stock of which may or may not contain dle material; being then specifically desigstearic acid. A suitable candle is one connated as checking. In the present specificataining 15% of stearic acid and having a tion and claims this term is included in the melting point of 123 to 123:5° F. Colored generic expression "slipping." 25 dips are prepared, these being melted masses:

colored dips. If withdrawn almost immetone are produced.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, Jesse E. Brinker accordance with this invention it is, howard Claude P. McNeil, citizens of the United States, residing at Whiting, in the countries that necessary for uniform coating of ty of Lake and State of Indiana, have in the candle, and upon withdrawal, the coatvented a new and useful Improvement in ing of dip tends to break irregularly transversely of the candle and slip down longitudinally, resulting in an irregular coating The present invention relates to the manof dip exposing the white candle beneath.

ufacture of ornamented candles and will be. This is illustrated in Fig. 1 of the drawfully understood from the following deings, in which numeral 5 indicates the canscription, illustrated by the accompanying dle and 6 the applied coating or dip. The slipped coating or dip, under these condi-tions, tends to be more or less irregular, forming humps and tears. This phenome 70 non is hereinafter designated the slip of candles.

the dip. By suitably controlling the period.

In carrying out the present invention, the of immersion the amount of slip may be candle selected for ornamentation may be controlled, and may be made so small as to 20 an ordinary white or colored paraffin candle, expose only relatively fine lines of the can- 75

After the first slipped coating or dip has 80 of wax colored by means of suitable pig- been applied to the candle and at least ments or dyes. The dip may vary greatly partly congened, it is dipped into a second in composition, consisting largely of paraffin coating or dip of a contrasting and harmowax, to which other waxes, such as stearly nizing color. This dip, preferably at about 30 acid beeswax, carnauba wax and the like the same temperature as the first dip, may 85 may be added. It has been found that the suitably be for a less period, whereby desired effects hereinafter described may be no slipping effect is produced. The secmost successfully obtained and most readily ond color then coats the uncolored porcontrolled by supplying in the dip a small tions of the candle, and blends with the sproportion of carnauba wax, say 0.5 to 5%. color of the first dip. This blending is 90 A very effective dip composition for the more or less regular as the surface of purpose of the present invention has been the first slipped coating is more or less purpose of the present invention has been the first supped coating is more or less found to contain 39% of paraffin wax; 39% regular, the color of the second dip tendof stearic acid, 19.5% of beeswax and 2.5% ing to flow off the elevations in the first
of carnauba wax. To this sufficient dye is coating and to collect in hollows and 95
added to produce the desired color, the under ledges. The resulting candle is ilamount of dye rarely exceeding 1%. Such lustrated in Fig. 2, the areas 6 being those
dips have a melting point of 117 to 120° F. covered by the first dip, as in Fig. 1, and
The colors of the several dips used are the areas 5a those covered by the second dip. 45 suitably harmonizing and blending colors. If desired, the second dip may likewise be 100. The dips are maintained at the desired tem caused to slip and a third dip applied, or peratures above their melting points, prefass many additional dips applied as desired. Early at 175 to 200° F. By any suitable Furthermore, the ornamentation may be means, such as steam baths. The candle to complete when the first slipped coating of 50 be ornamented, for example, a white candle colored wax has been applied, or the sucof the character above described, is suspendcessive dips may be of the same color, whereed by the wick and dipped into one of the by irregular colorings of different depth of

diately, say within a second, the candle will The temperature of the dips may be as 55 be completely and substantially uniformly low as 150° F., but temperatures above 160° 110

F. and preferably of 175 to 200° F. are carnauha wax for a period greater than that 5 trolled.

Although the present invention has been described in connection with the details of specific illustrations of its use, it is not intended that these details shall be regarded 10 as limitations upon the scope of the invention, except in so far as included in the accompanying claims.

We claim:

1. The method of ornamenting candles 15 which comprises immersing a candle in a molten colored dip for a period such that withdrawing it therefrom. the coating of dip slips on withdrawal of the candle.

2. The method of ornamenting candles 20 which comprises immersing a candle in a molten colored dip containing 0.5 to 5% carnauba wax for a period such that the coating of dip slips on withdrawal of the

candle.

3. The method of ornamenting candles which comprises immersing a candle in a molten colored dip containing 0.5 to 5% carnauba wax at a temperature of 175 to 200° for a period such that the coating of colored wax. 30 dip slips on withdrawal of the candle.

mölten colored dip for a period such that colored wax. the coating of dip slips on withdrawal of 10. An ornamented, finished candle have 35 the candle, immersing the dipped candle ing an initial irregular, slipped coating of into a second molten colored dip and with colored wax and an overlaying coating of drawing it therefrom.

5. The method of ornamenting candles which comprises immersing a candle in a molten colored dip containing 0.5 to 5%

preferred, as with lower temperatures the necessary for producing a uniform coating production of slipping of the coating re- of the dip, whereby upon withdrawal of the quires longer time and is less readily con- candle, the dip coating slips, and immersing the dipped candle into a second molten col- 45

ored dip and withdrawing it therefrom.
6. The method of ornamenting candles which comprises immersing a candle in a molten colored dip containing 0.5 to 5% carnauba wax at a temperature of 175 to 50 200° for a period greater than that necessary for producing a uniform coating of the dip, whereby upon withdrawal of the candle, the dip coating slips, immersing the dipped candle into a second molten colored dip and 55

7. The method of ornamenting candles which comprises immersing a candle in a molten colored dip, the stock of which consists of 39% paraffin wax, 39% stearic acid, 60 19.5% beeswax and 2.5% carnauba wax, at 175 to 180° F. for a period such that the coating of dip slips on withdrawal of the can-dle, immersing the dipped candle into a calored dip of harmonizing color and of like 65 composition and removing it therefrom.

8. An ornamented, finished candle having an initial irregular, slipped coating of

9. An ornamented, finished candle hav- 70 4. The method of ornamenting candles ing an initial irregular, slipped coating of which comprises immersing a candle in a colored wax and an overlaying coating of

colored wax and an overlaying coating of ... wax of harmonizing, contrasting color.

> JESSE E. BRINKER. CLAUDE P. McNEIL.